

参考答案

Unit 1 Where did you go on vacation?

Getting started

Activity 1:

went to the mountains (John)

went to Sanya (Sun Li)

visited a museum

stayed at home (Tom)

Section A

Activity 1:

1 3 4 5 6

Activity 2:

Q1: I went to Suzhou with my family.

Q3: Yes. We toured Zhouzhuang on a boat.

Q4: No, I didn't.

Q5: Yes. I met an art student and we became friends.

Q6: It was fine!

Activity 4:

1. Amy went to Xi'an with her friends. Zhang Peng visited his grandparents in the countryside.

2. Answers will vary.

Activity 5:

Sample answers:

- Amy's vacation:

Place (Where): Amy went to Xi'an.

People (With whom): Amy went there with her friends.

Activities (What): She saw the Terracotta Army.

Feelings—weather, people, food, ... (How): The weather there was wonderful.

- Zhang Peng's vacation:

Place (Where): Zhang Peng went to his grandparents' house in the countryside.

People (With whom): Maybe he went there alone.

Activities (What): He often climbed the hill behind the house. And he helped his grandparents feed the hens and pick vegetables in the garden.

Feelings—weather, people, food, ... (How): He thinks everything was perfect.

The vegetables tasted so delicious. The air was clean, everyone was friendly, and life was relaxing there.

Activity 6:

- good, amazing, wonderful
- perfect, delicious, clean, friendly, relaxing

Improving your pronunciation

Activity 2:

Sample answer:

words usually stressed: content words like nouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs; words that convey important information in a sentence

Section B

Activity 2:

Sample answers:

Emma went to Paris on vacation.

On the first day, Emma went to the top of the Eiffel Tower. Later she went to an art shop with her new friend, Charlotte. She bought something for her cousin

and her friend, Chen Jie, there. Emma and her family also went to a famous restaurant and ate something delicious there.

Activity 3:

Greeting: Dear Chen Jie; How are you?

Details: From "I'm on vacation in Paris ..." to "..., but it's quite expensive!"

Ending: There is so much to see ... Is it fun?

Signature: See you soon, Emma

Activity 4:

2413

Activity 5:

Sample answers:

The top of the Eiffel Tower was very **high and scary**.

At the art shop, Emma saw **cute and creative** things everywhere.

Emma bought something **special** for her friend, Chen Jie, in the art shop.

The Eiffel Tower is really **famous**.

Emma and her family ate some **delicious** food in a **famous** restaurant.

Emma thinks the food in Paris is quite **expensive**.

Learning about language

Activity 2:

something, someone, everything, anything

Checking your progress

Activity 1:

1. visited 2. stayed 3. bought 4. picked 5. tried 6. attended

Activity 2:

(1) I went to the beach with my family.

(2) I went to London with my parents.

(3) I visited the British Museum.

Unit 2 How often do you exercise?

Getting started

Activity 1:

4 play the guitar 1 do homework
2 help with the housework 3 play football

Section A

Activity 1:

Yes, he does.

Activity 2:

1—D 2—C 3—A 4—B

Activity 4:

1. He usually eats a balanced diet. He exercises in PE class every day, and skips rope every evening at home. He sleeps about eight hours every night.

2. Answers will vary.

Activity 5:

Eating: usually eats a balanced diet, sometimes eats biscuits and chocolate

Exercising: exercises in PE class every day, skips rope every evening at home

Sleeping: sleeps about eight hours every night, sometimes stays up late

Section B

Activity 2:

Time		Activities
	Morning	gets up, practises yoga, has breakfast, drinks a cup

Weekdays		of coffee, feeds her dog, listens to the news on the radio, goes to work, answers emails, makes phone calls, goes to her customer's house to help tune pianos
	Afternoon	goes on working, has a meeting at 3 p.m. every Monday
	Evening	goes home for supper, takes her dog for a walk, meets her friends at a restaurant, goes to bed
Weekends		visits her parents, goes to the movies with her parents
Vacation		travels (goes to the beach)

Activity 3:

Sample answers:

Xu Lan gets up at 6:30 **every day**.

Xu Lan has a meeting **once a week**.

Xu Lan goes to the beach **twice a year**.

After Xu Lan arrives at work, she **always** answers emails and makes phone calls first.

Xu Lan **usually** practises yoga for an hour in the morning.

Sometimes Xu Lan goes to the movies with her parents on weekends.

Xu Lan **seldom** sees her parents on weekdays.

Xu Lan is **never** late for work.

Activity 4:

- | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| (1) always | (2) go to school | (3) in the afternoon |
| (4) three times a week | (5) eat with friends | (6) go to the movies |
| (7) never | (8) On weekends | (9) once a year |

Learning about language

Activity 2:

1—B 2—D 3—A 4—C

Checking your progress

Activity 1:

4 sometimes	3 often	1 always
6 never	5 seldom	2 usually

Unit 3 I'm more outgoing than my cousin.

Getting started

Activity 1:

L taller L heavier L shyer S more outgoing L more serious

Section A

Activity 1:

1. Y 2. Y 3. F 4. F 5. F 6. F 7. F

Activity 2:

Yuanyuan **jumps higher** than Fangfang.

Fangfang is **quieter** than Yuanyuan.

Fangfang **plays the piano more beautifully** than Yuanyuan.

Fangfang **reads more books** than Yuanyuan.

Fangfang is **more hard-working** than Yuanyuan.

Fangfang is **more serious about school** than Yuanyuan.

Activity 4:

1. Peter's best friend is Paul.

2. Answers will vary.

Activity 5:

- Appearance Sports ability
 Interests Performance at school
 Personality Daily routines and habits

Activity 6:

Similar	They are both tall. They are both outgoing.
Different	Paul is a little thinner than Peter. Paul is more athletic than Peter. Paul swims faster and plays basketball better than Peter. Paul is smarter than Peter. Peter is more careful, so he often gets better grades than Paul does. Paul is funnier.

Section B

Activity 2:

Jeff Green—B Huo Lei—C Mary Smith—A

Activity 3:

1. quiet, study
2. taller, more outgoing, plays ping-pong, much less, gets better grades
3. kind, funny, cares about, listen

Activity 4:

Sample answer: The writers use the underlined sayings to help state their opinions. The sayings make their writings more vivid and persuasive.

Activity 5:

Text 2:

State an opinion: It is not necessary for friends to be the same.

Give an example: My best friend, Li Ning, is quite different from me.

Explain the example: He's taller and more outgoing ... plays ping-pong better ...
much less hard-working ... I always get better grades ...

Text 3:

State an opinion: I do not really care if my friends are the same as me or not ...
touches your heart.

Give an example: My best friend, Carol, is really kind and very funny ... funnier ...
than anyone I know.

Explain the example: I broke up my arm last year ... always there to listen.

Learning about language

Activity 1:

1. a little taller
2. faster, better
3. athletic
4. beautifully
5. more careful
6. harder

Activity 2:

2. Sam usually goes to bed earlier than Lucy.
Lucy usually goes to bed later than Sam.
3. Today is as hot as yesterday.

Checking your progress

Activity 1:

Sample answers:

1. taller, shyer, faster, higher, quieter, smarter, cheaper

2. larger, nicer
3. heavier, earlier, easier, happier, busier
4. hotter, bigger, fatter
5. more serious, more hard-working, more beautifully, more careful, more active, more popular, more humorous, more athletic, more expensive

Unit 4 Who sings the best?

Getting started

Activity 1:

A most hard-working Z sings the best

A most talented K most creative

Z has the coolest voice

Section A

Activity 1:

1—C 2—B 3—D 4—A

Activity 2:

1. great 2. best 3. funniest 4. most creative 5. OK, her song

Activity 4:

1. Li Hao, her younger sister, her older brother, her mum, and her dad.

2. Answers will vary.

Activity 5:

1. Li Hao 2. Li Hao's younger sister 3. Li Hao's dad
4. Li Hao's mum 5. Li Hao's older brother 6. Li Hao's mum

Activity 6:

age: youngest, younger, older

ability: (cooks) most delicious (food)

personality: most courageous, most popular, friendly

appearance: tall, short, heavy, thin

Section B

Activity 2:

Chang Zhen admires the Chinese scientist Nan Rendong the most because he inspired him to work the hardest to achieve great things.

Jenny admires her mum the most because she is the most important person in her life.

Activity 3:

1—F 2—O 3—F 4—O

Activity 4:

3 1 2

Activity 5:

Sample answers:

1. Chang Zhen admires the Chinese scientist Nan Rendong the most, and Jenny admires her mum the most.
2. Nan Rendong: He is a Chinese scientist. He is most famous as the founder of FAST. Jenny's mum: She is a vet at an animal hospital. She is forty-six but looks much younger.
3. Nan Rendong: He took courage and continued the impossible task over 20 years. Jenny's mum: She is smarter and always knows how to solve problems. She is a good cook. She is kind and patient. She taught Jenny many life skills and encouraged her to take pride in herself and be brave. She cheers Jenny up whenever she feels upset.
4. Nan Rendong inspired Chang Zhen to work the hardest to achieve great

things. Jenny's mum is the most important person in her life.

5. Chang Zhen's passage: He mainly uses the simple past tense because Nan Rendong died in 2017. Jenny Smith's passage: She mainly uses the simple present tense because her mum is alive.
6. Description words used: most famous, huge, impossible, most difficult, large, hardest; smarter, best (cook), most delicious, kindest, most patient, most important.

Learning about language

Activity 1:

-est	most	Other
coolest, youngest, smartest, fastest, earliest, largest, hardest, kindest, funniest, dullest	most talented, most hard-working, most creative, most courageous, most popular, most delicious, most famous, most difficult, most patient, most important	best, most, worst

Activity 2:

1. sweetest
2. most creative, most beautifully
3. quietest

Checking your progress

Activity 1:

most creative—dullest

latest—earliest

laziest—most hard-working

most outgoing—shyest

thinnest—heaviest

slowest—fastest

best—worst

loudest—quietest

Activity 2:

best newest worst popular hottest latest better

Unit 5 Do you want to watch the news?

Getting started

Activity 1:

talk show soap opera

news talent show

Section A

Activity 1:

sitcom news game show

talk show soap opera talent show

sports show

Activity 2:

(1) some great jokes (2) sitcoms (3) soap operas

(4) game shows (5) educational (6) news

(7) talk shows

Activity 4:

1. They are talking about their favourite types of shows.

2. Answers will vary.

Activity 5:

<i>Names</i>	<i>Types of shows</i>	<i>Opinions & reasons</i>
Yi Yi	news	It helps me to know what's going on around the world.
	talk shows	You can learn a lot from them.
	soap operas	They are a waste of time.
	phone-in shows	They help people solve problems.

Grace	talk shows	They always talk about everyday life.
	soap operas	I like to follow the story and see what happens next.

Section B

Activity 2:

1. Mickey first appeared in the cartoon film *Steamboat Willie* in New York on 18 November 1928.

In the 1930s, Walt Disney made 87 cartoons with Mickey.

On 18 November 1978, Mickey became the first cartoon character to have a star on the Hollywood Walk of Fame.

2. Because Mickey always tried to face any danger and ready to try his best.

Activity 3:

What does he look like?	A cheerful and energetic mouse with two large, round ears.
Who created him?	Walt Disney.
What was his first cartoon?	<i>Steamboat Willie</i> .
Who is his girlfriend?	Minnie.
When did he get a star on the Hollywood Walk of Fame?	On 18 November 1978.

Activity 4:

(1) exciting (2) cartoon (3) comes from (4) favourite

(5) kind/brave (6) brave/kind (7) shows (8) plan (9) want

Learning about language

Activity 1:

1—C 2—D 3—A 4—B

Checking your progress

Activity 1:

TV shows	Radio shows	Films
news	phone-in shows	action film
sitcom	music	cartoon film
soap opera	news	documentary
talk show
talent show		
game show		
sports show		

Unit 6 I'm going to learn more about science?**Getting started****Activity 1:**

scientist masseur singer football player

Section A**Activity 1:**

pianist artist piano tuner policewoman

Activity 2:

What	She wants to be a piano tuner in the future.
How	She's going to learn more about piano tuning.
When	She's going to finish high school and university first.

Activity 4:

1. Andy wants to be a sci-fi writer.
2. Chen Jie is not sure about what she wants to be in the future.
3. Answers will vary.

Activity 5:

He likes *The Three-Body Problem* and its writer, Mr Liu

He wants to be a sci-fi writer

How: learn more about science and keep on writing stories

Improving your pronunciation

Activity 1:

Why these words are stressed: Because they show the most important information the speaker wants to stress.

Activity 2:

1. It is “he” instead of another person who is going to write a novel about a blind masseur.
2. He plans to do that. The action hasn’t happened.
3. He is going to “write”, instead of read/buy/borrow/ ... the book.
4. He is going to write a novel, instead of a play/song/ ...
5. The novel is about a particular masseur who is blind.
6. The main character of the book is a masseur instead of a person of another profession.

Section B

Activity 2:

1. A resolution is a promise you make to yourself.
2. People usually make resolutions at the beginning of the year.
3. People make resolutions to improve themselves and their life.
4. The writer tells resolutions about physical health, self-improvement, and better schoolwork.
5. Because resolutions can be difficult to keep, and sometimes people just forget about them.

Activity 3:

3 1 2

Learning about language

Activity 1:

1. does, want to, wants to 2. am going to 3. am going to, want to
4. am going to

Activity 2:

- (1) wants to improve (2) is going to find (3) write (4) grows
(5) wants to be (6) is going to work

Checking your progress

Activity 1:

Sample answers:

scientist—maths, chemistry, physics

writer—Chinese, English

singer—music

...

Activity 2:

- 1—D 2—C 3—A 4—B 5—E

Unit 7 Will blind people have guide robots?

Getting started

Activity 1:

- 1 2 4

Section A

Activity 1:

1. more 2. more 3. more 4. fewer, less

Activity 2:

1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T

Activity 4:

Sample answers:

1. Li Xiao lives in an apartment nearby. But in the past, he lived in a village with his parents and went to a primary school there. He thinks he will be an astronaut in 20 years, and he will live in a space station.
2. Maybe it takes place at the gate of Li Xiao's school. Or maybe it takes place near where he lives.
3. I will ask questions like "How are you going to become an astronaut?" "Which astronaut do you admire the most?" and "Which university do you want to go to?"

Activity 5:

A: 1, 5 B: 2, 4 C: 3, 6, 7

Section B

Activity 2:

3 4 2 1

Activity 3:

- (1) that look and act / look and act (2) think (3) 25 to 50
(4) like (5) same (6) wake up

Learning about language

Activity 1:

1. less 2. more 3. fewer 4. more

Activity 2:

- (1) will be (2) will be (3) will have to
(4) will not happen (5) will (6) become

Checking your progress

Activity 1:

more/fewer	more/less
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● job, people, robot, car, building, tree ● book, wild animal, city, planet 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● pollution, fresh water, paper money, clean air, free time, money ● food, sleep, energy, chance

Unit 8 How do you make a banana milkshake?

Getting started

Activity 1:

- √ First, get...
- √ Next, peel...
- √ Then, put...
- Then, mix...
- √ Finally, turn...
- √ Now pour...

Section A

Activity 1:

How many	bananas, watermelons, apples, oranges
How much	honey, yogurt

Activity 2:

one	two	three	one cup	two spoons
watermelon orange	apples	bananas	yogurt	honey

Activity 4:

1. They are talking about the Russian soup.
2. Because she wants to make it for a party on Saturday.
3. Sample answers: Any dishes that are easy to make and popular among

friends at the party, like salad, Chinese stir-fried tomatoes and eggs, etc.

Activity 5:

Russian soup Ingredients & amounts	Steps
<ul style="list-style-type: none">● beef (some)● cabbage (one)● carrots (four)● potatoes (three)● tomatoes (five)● onion (one)	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Get the beef and all the vegetables.2. Cut everything up.3. Put the beef, carrots, and potatoes into a pot and add some water.4. Cook them for 30 minutes.5. Add the cabbage, tomatoes, and onion, and cook everything for another 10 minutes.6. Add some salt.

Improving your pronunciation

Activity 2:

The rhyme is read with these emotions one by one: happiness, surprise, sadness, and anger.

Section B

Activity 2:

1. Chen Jie cooked chicken and vegetable noodle soup for her dad.
2. Sample answer: It is a proverb. It means that you can't cook rice by talking.

In other words, talk is cheap - actions speak louder than words.

3. Answers will vary.

Activity 3:

 2 Chen Jie's gift A D E

 3 The result B

 1 The special occasion C F

Activity 4:

First, prepare some chicken, noodles, and vegetables, such as carrots,

tomatoes, and onions.

Next, cut up all the vegetables and put them in a pot of hot water with the chicken.

Then, let it cook for one hour.

If you love pepper, you can also add some.

Then, add the noodles to the hot soup and let it cook for another three minutes.

Finally, pour the soup and noodles into a bowl.

Learning about language

Activity 1:

1. many 2. much 3. much 4. many 5. much

Activity 2:

(1) need (2) First (3) wash (4) Next
(5) cut (6) cook (7) Finally (8) enjoy

Checking your progress

Activity 1:

Ingredient	milk, banana, watermelon, honey, yogurt, beef, cabbage, carrot, potato, tomato, onion, egg, oil, sugar, salt, flour, chicken, noodles, pepper, fish, lettuce, bean, corn...
Sequence	first, next, then, after that, finally...
Kitchenware	spoon, cup, glass, blender, pot, bowl...